KENTUCKY DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION



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SCHOOLS/DISTRICTS IMPROVE IN SECOND YEAR OF UNBRIDLED LEARNING ASSESSMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY

(FRANKFORT, Ky.) – Student performance, college/career-readiness and the number of students graduating from high school are improving, according to data released today by the Kentucky Department of Education.

"The statewide data clearly show we are making progress, though slower than we would like," said

Kentucky Education Commissioner Terry Holliday. "We've raised expectations and aligned them with what students

need to be successful; we are moving in the right direction toward the goal of providing a world-class education for

every Kentucky student and ensuring all children graduate college/career-ready," he said.

Overall student performance showed improvement from 2012 with the percentage of proficient and distinguished students increasing in nearly every subject at every grade level; students in groups that have historically had achievement gaps are also performing at a higher level.

Since Senate Bill 1 passed in 2009, the state has focused on better preparing students for life after high school. In 2013, the college/career-readiness rate jumped to 54.1 percent – up from 34 percent in 2010.

"In just three years we've gone from only a third of our students being ready for college and career to more than half," Holliday said. "That's around 8,000 students who now have a much better shot at getting a good job, paying taxes and becoming self-sufficient Kentuckians," he said.

Also, more students are getting a diploma. The state is using a new, more accurate way to measure graduation rate that shows 86 percent of students are graduating from high school in four years.

This is the second year the state has reported results from Kentucky's Unbridled Learning for All Assessment and Accountability System.

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Based on an improvement in overall scores from 2012, 114 more schools and 31 more districts are performing at the highest levels -- classified as either proficient or distinguished. A total of 641 schools and 63 districts met the requirements to be considered progressing, a new label under the system this year.

ACCOUNTABILITY

Public schools and districts earn points, on a scale of 0 to 100, based on how well they do on up to five components of this year's accountability system. The points are weighted to determine an overall accountability score. On average, the statewide score improved slightly more than two points to 57.3 in 2013.

OVERALL AND COMPONENT POINT SCORES										
O	Year	Overall								
State Average	2012	55.2								
Average	2013	57.3								
	Year	Overall	Achievement	Gap	Growth	College/Career- Readiness*	Graduation Rate			
Flom onton (2012	57.3	69.6	40.5	60.4	n/a	n/a			
Elementary	2013	57.6	69.9	42.1	59.9	n/a	n/a			
Middle	2012	53.5	67.4	37.9	60.4	44.1	n/a			
ivildale	2013	54.9	69.0	39.9	59.9	47.2	n/a			
High	2012	54.8	56.7	28.9	58.5	51.9	77.8			
High	2013	59.5	60.7	33.7	57.2	60.7	86.1			

^{*}College/Career-Readiness includes a bonus calculation for accountability.

In 2012-13, five components contribute points to the overall score; each is weighted.

- Achievement Student performance on tests of reading, mathematics, science, social studies and writing
- **Gap** comparing performance (percentage of proficient and distinguished) of students who are members of traditionally underperforming groups (ethnic minorities, special education, poverty and limited English proficiency) to the goal of 100 percent proficiency in all five content areas
- **Growth** comparing an individual student's score to the student's academic peers to determine if typical or higher levels of growth have occurred in reading and mathematics
- College/Career-Readiness high school graduates who have successfully met an indicator of readiness for college and/or careers
- **Graduation Rate** –the percentage of on-time graduates as measured by a Four-year Adjusted Cohort formula. Graduation rates in 2012 were based on the Averaged Freshman Graduation Rate formula.

WEIGHTS FOR UNBRIDLED LEARNING COMPONENTS									
Grade Range Achievement Gap Growth College/Career-Readiness Graduation Rate T						Total			
Elementary	30%	30%	40%	n/a	n/a	100%			
Middle	28%	28%	28%	16%	n/a	100%			
High	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	100%			

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In 2012-13 overall scores (in points) for elementary schools range from 24.0 to 83.1; middle schools, from 27.9 to 82.8; and high schools from 32.7 to 86.8. Overall scores for districts range from 41.6 to 80.0. Schools are rank-ordered by overall score and by level – elementary, middle or high. Districts are rank ordered without dividing by level. Based on their percentile rankings, schools and districts are placed in one of three classifications:

- Distinguished At or above the 90th percentile
- Proficient 70th to 89th percentile
- Needs Improvement Below the 70th percentile

Specific overall point scores associated with the percentiles are:

- Elementary: Proficient 62.5; Distinguished 69.8; School of Distinction 72.5
- Middle: Proficient 58.7; Distinguished 64.9; School of Distinction 68.2
- High: Proficient 58.0; Distinguished 64.4; School of Distinction 67.7
- District: Proficient 58.4; Distinguished 63.3; District of Distinction 65.2

NUMBER OF SCHOOLS AND DISTRICTS BY CLASSIFICATION										
School	nool Year Needs Improvement Proficient									
Elementary	2012	508	148	77						
Elementary	2013	483	172	75						
Middle	2012	231	66	36						
Middle	2013	210	82	39						
Lliab	2012	160	46	24						
High	2013	88	78	65						
Total Schools	2012	899	260	137						
Total Schools	2013	781	332	179						
Districts	2012	121	35	18						
DISTRICTS	2013	90	59	25						

In order to promote continuous improvement, each school/district has an Annual Measurable Objective (AMO) it must meet – for the 2012-13 school year the AMO was a one point improvement in the overall score. A school/district also must meet its annual graduation goals and test at least 95 percent of its students in every student group.

ANNUAL MEASUREABLE OBJECTIVE (AMO) 2013										
	Schools M	eeting Goal	Schools Not	Meeting Goal						
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent						
Elementary	357	49.2	368	50.8						
Middle School	164	50.6	160	49.4						
High School	207	90.4	22	9.6						

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If a school/district meets its AMO, graduation goal (this year still based on Averaged Freshman Graduation Rate), and student test participation rate, it may earn an additional designation of progressing. Since goals were set last year, 2013 is the first year schools and districts could meet their goals and earn this designation.

2013 NUMBER OF SCHOOLS AND DISTRICTS PROGRESSING (subset of Classification table)										
Schools	Distinguished/ Progressing	Proficient/ Progressing	Needs Improvement/ Progressing							
Elementary	49	101	212							
Middle	23	42	106							
High	35	41	33							
Total Schools	107	184	351							
Districts	4	25	34							

Schools and districts are placed in rewards or assistance categories based on overall score and other data.

NUMBERS OF SCHOOLS AND DISTRICTS BY REWARDS AND ASSISTANCE CATEGORY										
			Rewards		Assi	stance				
	Year	Distinction (95 th percentile)	High-Performing (90 th percentile)	High-Progress	Focus	Priority				
Elementary	2012	37	40	n/a	103	0				
	2013	30	19	74	102	0				
Middle	2012	18	16	n/a	106	9				
	2013	9	13	34	105	9				
High	2012	11	8	n/a	76	32				
	2013	10	15	23	75	32				
Total Schools	2012	62	68	n/a	285	41				
	2013	49	47	157	282	41				
Districts	2012	8	6	n/a	17	n/a				
	2013	3	0	17	17	n/a				

School/district **rewards categories** are:

- School/ District-of Distinction
 - o meets its current year AMO, student participation rate and graduation rate goal
 - o has a graduation rate above 60 percent for the prior two years
 - o scores at the 95th percentile or higher on the overall score
 - o for a district does not have a school categorized as a Focus School or Priority School

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High-Performing School/District

- o meets its current year AMO, student participation rate and graduation rate goal
- has a graduation rate above 60 percent for the prior two years
- o scores between the 90th and 94th percentile on the overall score
- for a district does not have any schools categorized as Focus Schools or Priority Schools

High-Progress School/District

A Title I or Non-Title I school that:

- o Meets its current year AMO, student participation rate and graduation goal
- Has a graduation rate above 60 percent for the prior two years
- Has an improvement score indicating the school is in the top 10 percent of improvement of all non-Title I elementary, middle, or high schools as determined by the difference in the two most recent calculations of the overall score

A district that:

- Meets its current year AMO, student participation rate and graduation goal
- Has a graduation rate above 60 percent for the prior two years
- Has an improvement score indicating the district is in the top 10 percent of improvement of all districts as determined by the difference in the two most recent calculations of the overall score.

High Progress Schools/Districts may have a second Rewards or Assistance classification: Distinction, High Performing, Priority, or Focus.

School/district assistance categories are:

 Priority School – a school that has been identified as a "persistently low achieving (PLA)" school as defined by Kentucky Revised Statute KRS 160.346

• Focus School -

- has a non-duplicated student gap group score in the bottom 10 percent of non-duplicated student gap groups scores for all elementary, middle and high schools
- has an individual student subgroup within assessment grades by level with a score in the third standard deviation below the state average for all students
- has a graduation rate that has been less than 60 percent for two consecutive years (Focus Schools were identified based on 2011-12 data and the label of Focus has been carried forward into the 2012-13 reporting.)

Focus District –

 has a non-duplicated student gap group score in the bottom ten percent of non-duplicated student gap group scores for all districts. Focus Districts are identified annually based on data. Current identification is based on 2012-13 data.

Schools previously identified remain in their assistance status for a minimum of two consecutive years (2012 and 2013) over which time they must demonstrate sustained improvement to exit. The number of focus districts are based on 2013 data.

ACCOUNTABILITY COMPONENTS

Achievement

Overall student performance on the Kentucky Performance Rating for Educational Progress (K-

PREP) improved in 2013 with the strongest gains coming at the high school level in social studies and science, and at middle school in language mechanics.

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PERCENTAGE OF STUDENTS PERFORMING AT PROFICIENT/DISTINGUISHED LEVELS										
	Year	Elementary	Middle	High						
Dooding	2012	48.0%	46.8%	52.2%						
Reading	2013	47.8%	51.1%	55.8%						
Mathematics	2012	40.4%	40.6%	40.0%						
wathematics	2013	43.9%	40.7%	36.0%						
Science	2012	68.8%	61.8%	30.3%						
Science	2013	68.5%	61.2%	36.3%						
Social Studies	2012	59.8%	58.6%	39.5%						
Social Studies	2013	59.3%	59.2%	51.3%						
Writing On Domand	2012	31.7%	41.4%	43.9%						
Writing On-Demand	2013	35.7%	43.4%	48.2%						
Languago Mochanics	2012	49.1%	38.4%	50.7%						
Language Mechanics	2013	53.7%	43.8%	51.4%						

In 2010, Kentucky was the first state to adopt more rigorous common standards known as the Kentucky Core Academic Standards (KCAS) in English/language arts and mathematics. The standards are aligned with college expectations and set the <u>minimum</u> for what students should know and be able to do by the end of each grade. Kentucky implemented the KCAS in the 2011-12 school year with students first tested on the new standards in spring 2012.

"We expect that as students acquire more foundational learning and teachers become more comfortable with teaching the new standards, scores in this area will continue to gain ground," said Commissioner Holliday. "The KCAS are harder, more in-depth than previous standards and challenge students to think critically, creatively and to problem solve rather than memorize for a test," he said.

Public school students in grades 3-8 take K-PREP tests in reading, mathematics, science, social studies, writing and language mechanics. Their performance is categorized as novice, apprentice, proficient or distinguished.

The assessments for science and social studies in grades 3-8 are based on standards in the Kentucky Core Content for Assessment 4.1, which was last revised in 2006.

High school students take K-PREP tests in writing and language mechanics plus end-of-course assessments in English II, Algebra II, Biology and U.S. History.

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GAP

Kentucky's goal is 100 percent proficiency for all students. The distance from that goal or gap is measured by creating a student Gap Group – an overall count of student groups that have historically had achievement gaps. Student groups combined in the overall count include ethnicity/race (African American, Hispanic, Native American), special education, poverty (free/reduced-price meals) and limited English proficiency.

To calculate the combined student Gap Group, non-duplicated counts of students who score proficient or higher and are in any of the student groups are added together. This yields a single gap number of proficient or higher students in the Student Gap Group, with no student counting more than one time and all students included in groups being counted once.

GAP PERCENTAGE OF NON-DUPLICATED GAP GROUP STUDENTS SCORING PROFICIENT/DISTINGUISHED										
	Year	Reading	Mathematics	Science	Social Studies	Writing	Language Mechanics			
Clamantani	2012	37.5	30.3	59.4	48.9	23.1	38.6			
Elementary	2013	37.7	33.8	59.5	49.1	27.4	43.0			
Middle	2012	34.8	28.7	50.1	46.0	30.8	27.6			
Middle	2013	39.5	29.0	50.2	47.4	33.5	32.8			
High	2012	38.4	27.9	18.5	26.3	31.6	38.6			
	2013	42.7	26.3	23.9	38.7	36.0	39.0			

Growth

The growth category uses a Student Growth Percentile, comparing an individual student's score to the student's academic peers. It recognizes schools and districts for the percentage of students showing typical or higher levels of growth in reading and mathematics. For elementary and middle schools, growth is based on annual reading and mathematics tests in grades 3-8. At high school, the same model of recognizing student performance uses the PLAN (grade 10) and ACT (grade 11) composite scores in reading and mathematics for comparison. Points are awarded for the percentage of students showing typical or higher growth rate, which is defined as being in the 40th percentile.

"We didn't see a lot of movement in growth this year because it is a comparison of peers and if most students are improving, growth will not change much," Holliday said.

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PERCENTAGE OF STUDENTS SHOWING GROWTH								
	Year	Reading	Mathematics	Reading and Mathematics Average				
FI	2012	60.4	60.4	60.4				
Elementary	2013	59.8	60.0	59.9				
Middle	2012	60.4	60.4	60.4				
Middle	2013	59.8	60.0	59.9				
Lliab	2012	59.0	57.9	58.5				
High	2013	56.9	57.3	57.2				

Graduation Rate

In 2013, Kentucky changed the way it calculates graduation rate to a more accurate method mandated by the federal government.

The Four-Year Adjusted Cohort Graduation Rate takes the number students in a high school freshman class and then accounting for those students who move in and out of the system, looks at how many students get their diploma four years later.

FOUR-YEAR ADJUSTED COHORT GRADUATION RATE							
	Year Graduation Rate						
High School	2013	86.1					

For the Unbridled Learning accountability model, a graduation rate for each high school and district that contains one or more high schools is reported annually, and the rates receive a weighted point total, just as the other four components do.

College/Career-Readiness

The cornerstone of the Unbridled Learning Accountability model is college/career readiness. In 2010, Kentucky reported college/career readiness rates for schools and districts for the first time; that data serve as a baseline.

Since 2010-11, the percentage of students who are considered ready for college and careers has risen by more than 20 percent.

	COLLEGE/CAREER-READINESS (CCR) RATE										
	Year	Number of Graduates - Students with High School Diploma or Certificate of Attainment	College- Ready	Career- Ready	College and Career Non- Duplicated Total Count	Percentage of graduates (high school diploma or certificate of attainment) College- and/or Career-Ready	Accountability Points with Bonus				
1.0.1	2011	41,784	15,056	1,142	15,746	38.0%	n/a				
High School	2012	43,121	18,766	3,429	20,366	47.2%	51.9				
0011001	2013	43,874	21,667	5,107	23,727	54.1%	60.7				

- College-Ready graduates who met the Kentucky Council on Postsecondary Education (CPE)
 Systemwide Benchmarks for Reading (20), English (18) and Mathematics (19) on any
 administration of the ACT; also students who passed a college placement test like COMPASS
 or Kentucky Online Testing (KYOTE).
- Career-Ready graduates who met benchmarks for Career-Ready Academic Armed Services Vocational Aptitude Battery (ASVAB) or ACT WorkKeys; and Career-Ready Technical – Kentucky Occupational Skills Standards Assessment (KOSSA) or received an Industry-Recognized Career Certificate). Graduates that have met both career-ready benchmarks are included in each respective column, which could result in the same student being counted in multiple columns.
- College and Career Non-Duplicated Total Count includes only individual graduates who received a high school diploma or certificate of attainment and are college-ready or career-ready. Graduates with a diploma could have met both college-ready and career-ready benchmarks. Graduates with a certificate of attainment must have met the readiness standards on the Alternate K-PREP assessment Transition Attainment Record (TAR). This is not a total of the college-ready and career-ready columns.
- The Accountability Points with Bonus includes percentage of graduates college- and or career-ready plus a half-point bonus for graduates meeting both college-ready and careerready technical benchmarks.

ACT DATA (public school juniors)

Scores on the ACT administered to all high school juniors made modest gains. Since 2008, as mandated by KRS 158.6453, all Kentucky's public school juniors participate in the ACT, which assesses English, mathematics and science and is scored on a scale of 1 to 36. The cost of the exam is paid for by state funds.

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ACT SUBJECT AREA SCORES KENTUCKY PUBLIC SCHOOL JUNIORS										
	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13				
English	17.3	17.3	17.7	18.0	18.4	18.4				
Mathematics	18.1	18.2	18.2	18.5	18.8	18.9				
Reading	18.5	18.4	18.8	19.0	19.0	19.4				
Science	18.7	18.5	18.7	19.0	19.1	19.5				
Composite	18.3	18.2	18.5	18.8	19.0	19.2				
Total Tested	42,922	43,495	44,391	44,053	44,516	43,960				

The percentage of students who meet the Council on Postsecondary Education (CPE) statewide benchmarks continues to increase. This means those students are college/career-ready and guaranteed entrance to a credit-bearing entry-level course in that subject at a state-run university without the need for remediation.

PERCENTAGES OF KENTUCKY PUBLIC SCHOOL JUNIORS WHO MEET CPE BENCHMARKS FOR COLLEGE-LEVEL READINESS						
	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13*
English	45.5%	45.4%	48.6%	49.5%	52.2%	53.1%
Mathematics	33.9%	33.7%	36.1%	36.2%	38.6%	39.6%
Reading	41.3%	37.8%	41.6%	39.8%	41.9%	44.2%

^{*}Starting 2012-13, percentage of Kentucky public school juniors who meet CPE benchmarks include Kentucky Alternate Assessment students.

For more details, including the data broken down by student group, visit the <u>School Report Card</u> on the Kentucky Department of Education's <u>website</u>. These electronic report cards provide information about each school and district including test performance, teacher qualifications student safety, awards, parent involvement and much more. The School and District report cards were established by statute KRS 158.6453, and regulation 703 KAR 5:140. Additionally, the Report Cards must incorporate the requirements of the federal No Child Left Behind (NCLB) Act.

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